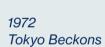


PRIME MINISTER ISHIBA SHIGERU'S PERSONAL TIMELINE

February 4, 1957 Born as the Son of the Governor of Tottori Prefecture

ISHIBA Shigeru was born in Japan following the post-war reconstruction period, just as the country was entering its era of rapid economic growth. He hails from Tottori Prefecture in western Japan, the least populated prefecture in the country. His father, ISHIBA Jiro, served as the Governor of Tottori Prefecture and as a member of the House of Councillors. He was named Shigeru after former Prime Minister YOSHIDA Shigeru.



After attending Tottori University's affiliated elementary and middle schools, Ishiba moved to Tokyo on his own to attend Keio Senior High School. Whenever he felt homesick, he would go to Tokyo Station and spend time watching the night trains bound for Tottori. He later went on to study law at Keio University.

1979 Begins Career in Banking

After graduating from university, Ishiba joined Mitsui Bank (now Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation). He was assigned to the Honmachi branch in Chuo Ward, Tokyo, where he cycled around the wholesale district of Nihonbashi, gaining firsthand experience in managing small- and medium-sized businesses.



Ishiba (center) in his childhood, spent at the official residence of the Governor of Tottori Prefecture.



Known as one of the most

Japanese politics, Ishiba sees

trains not just as a means

of transportation, but as something with emotional

appeal and a sense of escape

from the ordinary. He also views trains as a key to

regional revitalization.

Ishiba during his university days



1986 First Election Victory

Ishiba (left) in 1983, while working in the faction office of former Prime Minister TANAKA Kakuei (right).



In 1981, Ishiba's father, Jiro, passed away. Strongly encouraged by former Prime Minister TANAKA Kakuei, who had a close relationship with Jiro, he left Mitsui Bank

and entered the world of politics. After working as a staff member in Tanaka's faction, he ran in the 1986 House of Representatives election for the Tottori constituency and was elected for the first time at the age of 29, making him the youngest member in the country at the time. He joined a group of young politicians advocating for political reform and during that process briefly left the Liberal Democratic Party (LDP).

2002

First Cabinet Appointment

After rejoining the LDP in 1997, Ishiba entered the Cabinet for the first time in 2002 as Director-General of the Defense Agency. He worked on emergency legislation and the dispatch of the Self-Defense Forces to Iraq. He later held positions such as Minister of Defense and Minister of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries. He also ran in the LDP leadership elections in 2008 and 2012.



Ishiba during his visit to Iraq while serving as Director-General of the Defense Agency.

2014

Appointed as the First Minister for Regional Revitalization

In 2014, the Headquarters for Overcoming Population Decline and Vitalizing Local Economy in Japan was established to address issues such as the declining birthrate, aging population, and concentration of the population in the capital region. Ishiba was appointed as the first Minister to take charge of these efforts. He promoted the relocation of central government agencies from Tokyo to regional areas, and during his tenure the decision was made to relocate the Agency for Cultural Affairs to Kyoto.

The Secretariat of the Headquarters for Overcoming Population Decline and Vitalizing Local Economy was established on September 5, 2014.





nencing on March 27, 2023.

2018

Third Run for LDP Leadership

Under the slogan "Honesty and Fairness," Ishiba entered the LDP leadership election. He performed well, securing 45% of the regional votes.

2020

Fourth Run for LDP Leadership

Following the resignation of former Prime Minister ABE Shinzo, Ishiba ran in the LDP leadership election to choose his successor, competing against former Prime Ministers SUGA Yoshihide and KISHIDA Fumio.

October 1, 2024 Appointed as Prime Minister

In his fifth run for the LDP leadership, Ishiba was chosen as the party leader from a record nine candidates and was subsequently appointed as Prime Minister. He declared his commitment to gaining the understanding and support of the public.



On October 1, 2024, Ishiba was appointed Prime Minister following a vote in both the House of Representatives and the House of Councillors.